IN AID OF FRESH-AIR WORK.

A SERMON IN PLYMOUTH CHURCH, BROOK-LYN.

THE REV. HORACE PORTER TELLS OF THE GOOD WORK DONE FOR THE CHILDREN

OF THE POOR. In Plymouth Church, Brooklyn, the subject of the sermon of the Rev. Horace Porter yesterday morn-ing was "Midsummer Recreation Work Among the Children of the Poor."

children of the Poor."

The lesson read was from the story of Christ lessing little children (Luke xviii).

Introducing his subject, the speaker referred to the observation which people sometimes make that the young of the lower animals are not so helpless as the human infant, and that it is sometimes referred to as a disparagement upon human kind. "But not so," he said, "when we consider the rast weight of responsibility which is to rest upon the infant in after years, the weight of physical oil, the strain of the mental life; we see, as Pro-

ried of infancy, as necessary for a strong development of both body and mind."

Proceeding upon this basis, the speaker referred to the surroundings best fitted to produce strong bodies and bright minds, contrasting the life of the child in the city tenement-house and that of the child in the average country home. He said:

In the city, tenement-houses are dark and overgrowded. Food is insufficient in quantity and of unwholesome quality. The air is so impure as to poison and stunt the child. There are unnatural restraints within the home and on the city streets, which crush the spirits of the little ones or make them hard-hearted and brazen-faced. The evil associations of the tenement are such as to steep the children in vice, hence, our criminal population is from these districts. There is an enforced idleness among the young of the city poor, which adds to their great disadvantage in life. In the country there are, as a rule, cleanly homes, wholesome food and plenty of it, pure air, freedom from unnatural restraints, small danger from vicious associations, wholesome work for the young, and excellent moral influences.

have been formed, of which he wished especially to meak. First, of The Tribune Fresh-Air Fund, which is doing a great benevolence in behalf of the children of the poor, helping thousands of Brook-lyn's poor to summer homes in the country. The lone is beyond estimate for its great value to

Church's missions, who was declared hopelessly vicious. His parents, his teachers, his pastors had silke failed to reform him. The Tribune Fresh-Air Fund made it possible for the boy to be sent to a country home at Lake George; there the new encountry home at Lake George; there the new enpronment proved to be the great remedy for this
cious boy. He so quickfy responded to the wholeme influence of country life in a Christian home
at he was gladly retained for the whole summer,
and now, after four years, is a faithful, self-supportg young man in business in Brooklyn, with prome of a useful life.

Mr. Porter pleaded for a wider interest in The
ribune Fresh-Air work and in the Brooklyn Chilren's Aid Society, which is co-operating with The
ribune, and size is doing for infants what The
ribune is doing for older children.

A SUCCESSFUL WEEK'S WORK. THE TRIBUNE FRESH-AIR FUND SENDS OVER FOUR THOUSAND MORE CHILDREN TO THE COUNTRY-THE DAY EXCURSION.

The Tribune Fresh-Air Fund last Saturday closed most successful week of work. Children were ent out from many different parts of this city and Brooklyn. They went in large and small detachand at almost all hours of the day, and found that 862 more youngsters had children sent out for two weeks, there were 5.233 women and children. This makes the total for the week 4.0%, and if to this number be added the number of those who went before last week the grand total is 5,235 persons who have been benefited by The Tribune Fresh-Air Fund in a little

benefited by The Tribune Fresh-Air Fund in a little more than two weeks' work.

The coming week will furpish a record even better than this. Parties have already been scheduled which will provide a two weeks' outing for 905 children, and it is likely that additions will be made which will bring the number to more than a thousand. There will be four day excursions to Excelsior Grove, two of them being from this city, from Brooklyn and one from Jersey City.

any of the children who get a vacation through

he Fresh-Air Fund have sad histories. One pastor writes of a family he sent last week, as follows: writes of a family he sent last week, as follows:

In the party for Chapel Hill last Friday there were five members from one family, ranging in age from thirteen years to fifteen months. The oldest girl, aged eleven, not only has the care of the other four children, but cooks for her father and has charge of the home. The father was ill for a long time two or three years ago, and is not strong new. The mother, a robust-looking woman, was in need of an operation last fall, but did not return alive from the hospital where it was performed, and the care of the household since last December has fallen upon Annie, who is a veritable "Little Mother." Of the thousands of children who will go to the country this summer, it is safe to say that few, if any, are in greater need of an outing than this brave girl and her little flock.

"Of course she does not consider herself a heroine nor does she know how herioc are her efforts to help her father keep the family together. It would break his heart, he says, to part with his children, and as the baby gets larger and Annie becomes elder, there will be less necessity for such action. In order to lessen the expenses for the father, whose wages are not large, Annie and her brother continue to do the work of the mother, who was the housekeeper of the tenement-house in which they live, sweeping the lower hall and asidewalk every morning, putting out the ash-barrel and scrubbing the hall twice a week, for which work \$3 month is allowed on the rent.

Another case was reported by a man who is to send a party in August. This family also has five children, and the manager of the Fresh-Air Fund

send a party in August. This family also has five children, and the manager of the Fresh-Air Fund was requested to send two of them, so that they could return before the other three went away. The reason for the request was that the mother is and the children must go in detachments, so that some one will always be at home to care for the blind mother. It is needless to say that the request was granted and that two of the little ones will have their two weeks before it is time

for the other three to go. To-day's parties will be three in number. Tarry-town, N. Y., will receive the second lot of little

visitors this morning, and Little Falls, N. Y., will welcome forty-five children this afternoon. Amherst, Mass., usually falls into line with a request for one or two parties and the Norwich boat this evening will carry a party of fourteen destined for that happy anof

evening will carry a party of fourteen destined for that happy spot.

Saturday's day excursion was from Brooklyn, in charge of L. C. Hill, of the Children's Ald Society. The start was made from the Dock-st. wharf about so clock, and the party returned thither in the evening at 6. Nine hundred and eighty-two persons composed the party, of which 137 were infants in arms and 53 children over two years old. On the return trip the barge was overtaken by a violent hallstorm, a part of Saturday's disastrous tornado, which caused great excitement on board. Several women and children fainted; but order was soon restored through the efforts of the Rev. Harris Porter, assistant pastor of Plymouth Church, who was in charge of the excursion, and by the efficient work of Drs. Fry and De Castro, of Long Island College Hospital who, with Miss Marie Matthews, as nurse, were on hand ready for service in case of accidents or sickness.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS.	
T. F. M. "Marion and Henry," Passic, N. J	. 25 C
Humphrey, Harry, William, Arthur, Burchard and Margaret Yale, Spuyten Duyvil, from their	
savings "In memory of Nettie, July 13, from E. G. K.". E. R. Atwater.	15 6
Collection taken at Point o' Woods, Chautauqua,	10
Sunday, July 7, per Charles F. Kroen	86
A. L. B. A. C. La Boyteaux, Plainfield, N. J. Proceeds of a lawn fair held at the residence	5
of Charles Duniop Morris, at Fordham, by the members of the O. C. Club, per Edith King,	
Previously acknowledged	12,722

Total July 13, 1895.....\$12,800 78 Long Island Chautauqua Assembly Association, Point o' Woods, on Great South Beach, July

Treasurer of The New-10th Tibude Fend.

Dear Sir: At divine service held last Sunday at Point o' Woods, Chautauqua, a collection was taken up for your fund, which I take pleasure in sending you, as it seems most fit that we, who enjoy the fresh breezes of this beautiful beach, should remember those who are sweltering in the densely populated quarters of the city. I have the honor to be yours very truly, CHARLES F. KROEH.

OBITUARY.

JAMES G. RULE.

San Francisco, July 14.-James G. Rule, one of the best-known mining men on the Pacific Coast died yesterday. He was sixty-one years old. The discovery of the bonanza in Consolidated Cali-fornia and Virginia took place when Rule was foreman of the mine, and he subsequently managed

REPRESENTATIVE FREDERICK REMANN. Vandalia, Ill., July 14.-Frederick Remann, Con gressman from the XVIIIth Illinois District, died at his home in this city at 1:35 o'clock this mornat his home in this city at 1:25 o'clock this morning, after an illness of more than three months. His death was the result of a complication of diseases, the principal one being nervous prostration. Colonel Remann was born in Fayette County, Ill., in 1847, and at the age of seventeen enlisted in the Army. Since the war he has been engaged in commercial business. He was an enthusiastic Republican, and in 1876 was a member of the State Legislature.

The funeral will take place in this city on Wednesday afternoon, under charge of McIllwain Post, No. 273, G. A. R. James Connelly, of Springfield, has been invited to deliver an address.

ASST. SECRETARY UHL GOES TO HAMBURG Southampton, July 14.-Edwin F. Uhl, Assistant Secretary of State of the United States, was a pas-senger on the Hamburg-American Line steamer Co-lumbia, which arrived here this morning. He did not land, but will proceed at once to Hamburg.

THE REVIVAL OF BUSINESS.

TARIFF FIRST AND FOREMOST.

From The Boston Journal.

Iowa follows Ohio in an accurate recognition of the political outlook. Its Republican State Convention, like that in Governor McKinley's State, voices the dominant sentiment of the Republican voters, and, indeed, of the American people, in giving the tariff issue the precedence over all other. EXPORTS REDUCED UNDER THE NEW LAW. From The Philadelphia Inquirer.

From The Philadelphia Inquirer.

Instead of opening up the markets of the world to American products the new tariff has reduced our exports nearly \$75,000,000. This showing is for the first nine months of its existence. The much derided reciprocity treaties appear in this light as rather more advantageous than our Democratic friends would have us believe. Still we need not feel much surprise. A great many things are wholly different from what Democrats paint them. THE DEFICIT MIGHT HAVE BEEN BIGGER.

THE DEFICIT MIGHT HAVE BEEN BIGGER. From the Wilmington (Del.) News.

The original Tariff bill, drafted by Professor Wilson, was of such a sweeping character that even the Democratic Senaite could not accept it and it was modified so as to reduce the deficit from perhaps \$75,000,000 to \$40,000,000. Yet the Wilson bill was the one that the Administration wished to see become a law, and so set was the President he would neither sign nor veto the Senaite measure. Had the President and his Administration, including Secretary Carlisle, been able to force the Wilson bill upon the country the situation to-day would have been even worse than it is now.

THE THEORY OF PROTECTION.

From The lowa State Register.

Governments are founded to afford protection—
ours for the protection of its citizens in the enjoyment of life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness.
Conditions exist elsewhere on the globe which are
not in accord with life as we would have it, with
liberty as we conceive it, or with happiness as it has
been beneficently bestowed upon us in the past. It
is natural to protect ourselves against these conditions. Protection, in its political and technical
sense, and as exercised by the Republican party,
accomplishes this. The very idea of protection inspires confidence. We see on all sides unmistakable
evidences of returning confidence—because that
party which has confidence-inspiring policies has
again taken the reins of government.



KING OSCAR'S NEW DILEMMA. THE FIGHT IN THE XXVIITH.

ADVANCE IN HIS ALLOWANCE.

BIMETALLIC LEAGUE BOUND TO HAVE AN INTER-NATIONAL CONVENTION-PRINCE FERDINAND SEEKS A RECONCILIATION WITH RUS-SIA-THE PORTE MAY BE FORCED TO PAY THE KRUPPS FOR

Berlin, July 14.—The latest advices from the Emperor at Stockholm are to the effect that he will leave there to-morrow morning for the northern part of Sweden, but it is his intention to meet King Oscar again on his return. The relations of the King with the majority in the Storthing are again menacing. In the early part of this week the Storthing will be called upon to vote the annual allowances for the King and the Crown Prince. Two years ago the majority showed their Prince. Two years ago the majority showed their hostility to the King by reducing His Majesty's annual allowance from 366,000 to 256,000 kroner, and the allowance of the Crown the allowance of the Crown Prince from 80,000 to 30,000 kroner. The King, through his Ministers, now demands the old grant of 366,000, and contends that it was in violation of the provisions of the Constitution to reduce the royal grant during the lifetime of the reigning monarch. There is very little likelihood that the Norwegian Radicals will admit the validity of the King's Constitutional argument unless His Majesty assents to their view of the Constitution in regard to the consular and diplomatic representation of Norway. Premier Stang has again telegraphed to the King asking

him to reconstruct the Cabinet. The Emperor, upon leaving Stockholm, will probably sail on board the Hohenzollern to Gefle, thence to the coast of England to witness the regatta. After witnessing the Cowes regatta, the Emperor will spend a week in grouse-shooting in Scotiand, and will return to Berlin in time to lay the foundation stone of the National monument to his grandfather, Emperor William I, on August 13, the anni-versary of the battle of Gravelotte. The occasion

League-Deputy Fourgeirol, vice-chairman of the League, and M. Thery, the secretary of that or-League, and M. Thery, the secretary of that organization—spent several days in Berlin this week
to prepare the way for an international monetary
conference, and the results of their discussion
point to the convening of an international conference within a short time. If Chancellor von
Hohenlohe fails to meet the hopes of the bimetallists, it has been decided by the latter to call a
meeting in Berlin on the initiative of the German
Bimetallic League. The French and English
leagues have already promised to send delegates.

Prince Ferdinand of Bulgaria has made his reappearance at Carisbad, which circumstance is reappearance as indicating some important change in the administration at Sofia. It is one of the peculiarities of Ferdinand that when he is about to alter any of the rules, regulations or customs of the Bulgarian Government he immediately gets out of the country, leaving his Ministers to face whatever popular displeasure may arise. It is believed that he has authorized Bishop Clement, the head of the Bulgarian Mission now in St. Petersburg, to inform the Czar that he is ready to make any sacrifice, even his personal conversion to the Greek faith, in order to obtain a reconciliation with Russia. The St. Petersburg authorities have permitted the statement to be sent out by telegraph that Prince Lobanoff asked Bishop Clement if there was any danger that ex-Premier Stambuloff would return to power, and that the Bishop replied there was. Indeed, he gave the Prince to understand that the danger would exist as long as Russia and Bulgaria remained unreconciled. Prince Lobanoff is reported to have responded that he was in favor of a policy of reconciliation, and further said that the Czar had no personal feeling against Prince Ferdinand. The Rulgarian Mission will be received by the Czar on Wednesday. The general opinion in diplomatic circles is that the submission of Bulgaria to Russia will change the whole situation in the East.

The Archbishop of Freiburg has issued a circular to the German Bishops calling upon all Catholics to assist in the establishment of a university at Freiburg, near Breslau. The university will be the only purely Catholic institution of the kind in German Catholic institution of the K

G. W. Wurts, formerly secretary of the American Legation in St. Petersburg; J. R. Natter, of New-York, and E. W. Morgan and Archie Coolidge, of Boston, are here.

against the feuds and dissensions between public men in Ireland, and reminding the clergy that it is improper for them to deal with politics in the churches.

FALL OF THE BASTILE COMMEMORATED. THE 106TH ANNIVERSARY CELEBRATED WITH MORE THAN USUAL FERVOR.

Paris, July 14.-To-day was the 195th anniversary of the fall of the Bastile, and, falling on Sunday, the holiday was more generally observed than the holiday was more generally observed than usual. All the public buildings and many private residences were decorated, and the day was celebrated in the most fervid manner.

Thousands of persons strolled about the streets and visited the various resorts in the vicinity of the city. Many Parisians went in carriages or on bleycles to Longchamps in the afternoon to witness a review of troops. In the evening the city was brilliantly illuminated. The open-air resorts were crowded with dancers and onlookers, and the merriment promised to last all night.

SIR WILLIAM HARCOURT MAY RETIRE. HE HAS CANCELLED ALL ENGAGEMENTS TO SPEAK AT POLITICAL MEETINGS AND

HAS RETURNED TO LONDON. London, July 14.-Sir William Harcourt, ex-Chancellor of the Exchequer, who was defeated yester-day in the election at Derby, had made engagements to speak at political meetings in the Mid-land counties this week. He has cancelled all of them, and this afternoon he returned to London It is reported that he will temporarily retire from

Sir William Vernon Harcourt, who for fifteen years had represented Derby in the House of Com-mons, is sixty-eight years old. His maternal grandfather was the Archbishop of York. He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge, and became a barrister of the Inner Temple in 1854, Queen's coun-

barrister of the Inner Temple in 1854, Queen's counsel in 1865, and two years later he was elected by the Liberals to the House of Commons. In 1869 he was appointed to the chair of Professor of International Rights at the University of Cambridge. He was knighted in 1873.

The same year he was appointed Solicitor-General, which position he held until Mr. Gladstone's Government retired in 1874. He was returned to the House from Derby in 1889, and on his entrance was appointed Home Secretary. He has written many political articles for "The Times" under the pseudonym of Historicus, and was at one time Editor of "The Saturday Review." He had always been returned to the House from Derby with most flattering majorities.

MR. PALMER SUBSCRIBES 1200. A FUND STARTED FOR THE RELIEF OF THE FAM-ILIES OF THOSE KILLED AND INJURED BY THE CAPSIZING OF THE YAMPA.

Southampton, July 14.-R. Suydam Palmer, owner of the schooner yacht Yampa, which capsized in the drydock at Fay's yard here last Friday, killing one man and injuring others, has subscribed £200 to a fund that has been started for the relief of the families of the victims of the accident.

KING UMBERTO THANKS THE QUEEN. London, July 14.-King Umberto, replying to the nessage sent him by Queen Victoria, expressing her pleasure at the visit to England of the Italian feet, has sent Her Majesty an enthusiastic dispatch, thanking her for the reception accorded the squad-ron by the British naval officers and people.

MAGAZINE EXPLODES AT TIVOLI. Rome, July 14.—An explosion occurred to-day in a powder magazine in Tivoli, eighteen miles northeast of this city. Five persons were killed and several injured. The cause of the explosion is unknown.

THE FRENCH SHIP STILL IN THE CANAL. Berlin, July 14.—The French ship which was sunk in the Baltic Canal yesterday lies upon her side near the right bank of the waterway. Canal pilots are informed that the passage of the canal is open, but that extreme care must be observed.

THE MEXICO A TOTAL WRECK. Montreal, July 14.-Word reached here early this orning that the steamship Mexico, owned by the

HE MUST FAVOR NORWAY OR LOSE AN A BRISK CONTEST TO RETIRE HARVEY J. DONALDSON.

> HIS RECORD IN THE SCHOOL OF SELFISH AND PERSONAL POLITICS-HOPEFUL PROS-

PECTS FOR HIS RETIREMENT. (FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT OF THE TRIBUNE.)

Saratoga, July 12.-Something has been said in an earlier letter about the general conditions under which the very brisk and energetic contest now in progress for the Republican nomination in this Senate District, the new XXVIIIth, is being carried on. Undoubtedly the issue is a trifle more vague here than in some others of the ten or a dozen Senate districts in which an aroused Republican sentiment is battling against the renomination of unworthy candidates. In the Oneida district, for instance, where somewhat similar conditions exist, Mr. Coggeshall's defiant canvass for renomination is weighted down not only by a long record of subserviency to all the demoralizing influences against which party feeling is now inflamed. but by the additional odium of treacherous opposition to party legislation at Albany.

In the Canandaigua district and along Southern Tier other conspicuous agents in the Platt machine's fight of last winter against reform legislation, find the direct issue raised against them of sacrificing party principles and party welfare to the personal and private interests of an irresponsible "boss." In this district the rather colorless record of Harvey J. Donaldson, the present incumbent, and his relative inconsequence at Albany have somewhat obscured this ground of contention, so pronounced and vital in the other constituencies.

A DEMAND FRIGIDLY MET.

Yet at the bottom the opposition raised to Mr. Donaldson's renomination has virtually the same incentive and the same partisan justification. Having served for three terms at Albany as a Senator and two as an Assemblyman, and achieved no other reputation than that of a willing pupil in the school of purely selfish and personal politics, Mr. Donaldson's demand for further political honors has naturally been met this year with decided frigidity, and the vigorous rival canvass started by the friends of Edgar T. Brackett, a leading lawyer of this village, has forced the Republican voters of the county and of the district to choose between returning their present inadequate and unsatisfactory representative or replacing him with a successor of greater ability, more liberal public spirit and juster views of party measures and

party policy.

The new XXVIIIth District, which now promises most hopefully to retire Mr. Donaldson to private life, has been constructed of fragments of the old XXth and XXIst districts, and includes the three counties of Saratoga, Schenec-tady and Washington. Geographically it is a compact and homogeneous constituency, its chief towns lying at convenient distances along the main line of the Delaware and Hudson Canal Company's railroad. The old XXth District, which re-elected Mr. Donaldson in 1893, stretched further west into the Mohawk Valley, and included, besides Saratoga and Schenectady, the counties of Montgomery and Herki

Saratoga County, the most populous of the group, has naturally dominated the politics of both the old and the new Senate districts. Its longer association and closer affiliations with Schenectady would, perhaps, assure its suprem-G. W. Wurts, formerly secretary of the American Legation in St. Petersburg; J. R. Natter, of Newyork, and E. W. Morgan and Archie Coolidge, of Boston, are here.

The Turkish Government having failed to pay the basis of Mr. Donaldson's canvass for renominating the contract, and have asked the Government to the contract, and have asked the Government of the Porte's indebtedness.

THE IRISH CLERGY REBUKED.

THE ARCHBISHOP OF DUBLIN PROTESTS AGAINST Building, of County, for, if he loses Saratoga's eight delegates between them in the Subjulin, July 14.—The Most Rev. William J. Walsh, Archbishop of Dublin, has sent a circular letter to the clergy of his diocese protesting against the feuds and dissensions between public against the feuds and dissensions between public in the legation state of the County Convention. No preliminary canvasse for years in temperature for the min. Truxton, Cortiand County, Father, reappointed, superintendent of the Adiron-dack Survey, has suggested to the Forestry, Fish and Game Commission that 200 Adirondack guides be clothed with full power to arrest all persons violating the law relating to depredations on the forest land, and also for stealing tumber. The suggestion has been adopted by the Commission, which will proceed to carry it out immediately.

THE ARCHBISHOP OF DUBLIN PROTESTS AGAINST Building and the color of the contract, and have asked the Government to make the contract of the Poil of the contract of the protein intervene diplomatically to comme time past been devoting and Schenecotally will be held elegated between them in the Standard County, and a series of the next, Hongan Green Advertiser, and have asked the Government to the contract of the heart, Hongan Green Addition of the Standard County, and Game Commission that 200 Adirondack guides be clothed with full power to arrest all persons violating the law relating to depredations on the forest land, and also for stealing tumber. The suggestion has been adopted by the Commission, which will proceed to carry it out immedi acy in the XXVIIIth District politics for some

Saratoga's eight delegates to the Senatorial Convention. No preliminary canvass for years in this county has equalled in intensity of interest the one now being made for the control of the ninety delegates who are to form the County Convention. Every town and village is alive with the agent and worker of the two candidates. The managers on both sides are extremely confident of success and full of partisan energy. Personal feeling runs high, and the interest felt in the contest here has extended to other parts of the State, where the success or failure of Mr. Donaldson's canvass will quickly be construed either as a difficult and costly triumph or a disastrous setback for Mr. Platt's personal machine.

THE OPPOSITION SPOKESMAN.

Edgar T. Brackett, of this village, has already been mentioned as the spokesman and candidate of the opposition, which, in the interest of good government at Albany and a more liberal policy in Republican party management, has undertaken to compass Mr. Donaldson's defeat. Mr. Brackett is one of the foremost lawyers of the county, a man of ability, probity and stalwart Republicanism, who would fitly represent the party here in an enlarged and morally rehabilitated Senate. Unlike his competitor, Mr. Brackett is not a professional politician and office-seeker, his single previous appearance in politics having been made as a candidate for the District-Attorneyship of the county years ago. In his present canvass he has the support of ex-Representative George West, of Baliston, ex-Sheriff W. W. Worden, of this village, a power in local politics, and many other leading Republicans of the county. His candidacy has behind it, besides the weight of the best Republican sentiment in the district, and the practical assurance that a victory on his part in the coming County Convention will throw the Senatorial nomination to Saratoga without further friction or dispute. to compass Mr. Donaldson's defeat, Mr. Brack-

A FIGHT FOR HIS POLITICAL LIFE. Senator Donaldson has beyond question rallied to the support of his candidacy many formidable elements of partisan and personal strength. He knows that he is fighting for his own political life, and in the success of his canvass the fortunes of the whole Platt machine in this district are indirectly involved. If his eight years of service at Albany nave brought little public benefit or

directly involved. If his eight years of service at Albany have brought little public benefit or credit to his constituency, they have at least been turned assiduously to his own private political profit. In the Legislature Mr. Donaldson could be counted on to assist in all the personal and selfish legislative schemes of Mr. Platt and his lieutenant; and the practical reward of this service is now disclosed in the active support given him here by the organized following of the State Republican machine. The Eric Canal runs along the southern border of this county and thence into Schenectady, and all the canal patronage available has been put by Superintendent Aldridge at Mr. Donaldson's disposal to carry the neighboring primary convention.

A man of means and a veteran politician, with a prestige of five successful canvasses behind him, Mr. Donaldson has resources at his command whose value may be easily computed. Ballston, his home, the county seat of this county and the place chosen for holding both the County and Senatorial conventions, will give him a solid delegation, and with the assistance of the towns in the south and east of the county he hopes to capture at least fifty of the ninety delegates who are to be chosen on July 20. On the other hand, with the Saratoga village delegation as a nucleus, the friends of Mr. Brackett count on controlling from fifty to sixty members of the County Convention. The fight at present is uncomfortably close for both sides, and no one can safely predict the result.

LOOKING TO SARATOGA COUNTY.

LOOKING TO BARATOGA COUNTY. If Mr. Brackett can carry Saratoga County

his nomination for Senator seems assured. Washington County, next in importance to Saratoga in the district, and having an equal number of representatives in the Senatorial Convention, chose its eight delegates a week or two ago, the Republican Convention nominating at the same time a distinctly anti-Piatt county and legislative ticket. Under the leadership of ex-Representative Henry G. Burleigh, of Whitehall, the anti-machine forces scored a crushing victory over Mr. Platt's lieutenant, Isaac N. Baker, and after choosing anti-Piatt delegates to

the next State Convention, instructed its Senatorial delegates to sek the nomination at Ballston of L. M. Howland, of Fort Edward. If Mr. Donaldson carries Saratoga County next Saturday Mr. Howland will become an active candidate for the Senatorship. But it is generally understood that should Mr. Brackett win here, Mr. Howland's nomination will not be pressed beyond the point of personal compliment.

The County Convention in Schenectady will be held on the same day as the one in this county, July 23, and five Senatorial delegates will be chosen to meet the eight from Washington and cight from Saratoga at Ballston on August 1. Little importance will attach to the Schenectady Convention if the Donaldson ticket is beaten at the Saratoga primaries on July 20. With the present Senator again a winner here, a bitter fight will undoubtedly be made to control the Schenectady delegation, into whose hands will naturally fail the balance of power in the Senatorial Convention. Two Schenectady candidates are already at work to capture the vote of the county at Ballston. One of them, H. A. Yates, is an ex-County Judge; the other is C. E. Palmer, ex-Postmaster in the city of Schenectady. A nomination on the Republican ticket will be equivalent to an election in the new Senate district this fall. The normal Republican majority in the three counties runs from 4,500 to 5,000.

STRONG OPPOSITION TO GORMAN.

Cambridge, Md., July 14 (Special).—The largest op-position yet developed in any one county in Mary-land against Senator Gorman was that in the pri-maries yesterday in Dorchester. The anti-Gorman men carried ten districts, the Gorman men carried men carried ten districts, the Gorman men carried six and there is one district still in doubt, with both factions claiming it. The independents, or anti-Gorman men, in this county are led by the three Johns, as they are known in Eastern Shore politics; John R. Pattison, a cousin of ex-Governor Pattison, of Pennsylvania; John B. Mills, and John R. Tubman. The anti-Gorman men will undoubtedly control the County Convention, and Mr. Pattison says the delegation to the State Convention will be uninstructed, but composed of men who will vote against any candidate of Senator Gorman's selection for Governor.

A meeting of the Republican Club will be held this evening at 8 o'clock at the clubhouse, No. 450 Fifth-ave. The principal business will be the elec-tion to membership of candidates.

STATE POLITICAL NOTES AND NEWS. The adoption of the Myers ballot machines by Buffalo is causing some of the papers to urge the State to follow the Lake City's example in this matter. "The new Raines law," says "The Mount Vernon Record," "was formally tested in an election in one of the towns of the State a few days ago, and demonstrated that it is about as clumsy, tedious and irksome as are the other old systems. A deal of finnecessary paper, printing, election officials and general expense, not to say loss of time, was in-volved, which clearly proves that none of these atpeople, now that the Myers machine ballot system has been thoroughly tried and not found wanting in a single particular. Why quibble over old-style systems, with their cumbersome details? The Myers ballot system provides a simple, accurate, honest, time-saving, economical and perfectly satisfactory method of determining the will of the people. The Myers ballot machine provides perfection in voting. It is not too much to say that it should be adopted in every community in every State of the Union." people, now that the Myers machine ballot system

There is a feeling of confidence among the Republicans of the Uister district that "Jake" Rue, who is slated for renomination on the Democratic side, will be beaten this fall, unless our people make some serious mistake in the selection of their candidate.

"The Brockport Republic" advises Assemblyman Armstrong to withdraw from the race for State Senator, and clear the road for the nomination of Henry Harrison, of that town. Mr. Armstrong has not yet acted on this advice.

While Republican sentiment in Westchester Coun ty continues to crystallize in favor of the nomination for Senator of the veteran Judge Robertson, that gentleman persists in saying that he does not care for the nomination, but only desires to see the district represented by a good man. Such a man as, in his opinion, the present Senator is not.

Politics makes strange companionship, and mar-

vellous are the combinations entered into by the Boss. His allies here are Tammany and the old Tammany annex of the Republican county machine. In Chemung County they are the A. P. A. people, while in Monroe County his followers are fighting the A. P. A. tooth and nail. It is said that he is after the Socializes and Seventh-Day Baptists in Buffalo. "The Buffalo News" is unkind enough to say this

of an esteemed contemporary: "Since Mr. Belden, the political hero of Syracuse and Onondaga County, departed for Europe, that redoubtable political Don Quixote of "The Syracuse Standard," Howard G. White, has started out on a conquering mission. White, has started out on a conquering mission. He arrived in New-York a day or two ago, and visited, of course, the Fifth Avenue Hotel, where he told such stories of his prowess, his attacks and his grand achievements, that politicians stood wondering as they listened. Before Mr. Belden's departure for Europe, Don Quixote White was as silent and grim as a prairie hill. But Don Quixote White feels at liberty now to go cavorting about the country and telling of past war dances in Onondusa."

While opposed to the enlargement of the State Committee, so as to have one member from each of the 150 Assembly districts, "The Fredonia Censor" expresses a desire to have Warner Miller's plan, which has also been adopted by the State sor expresses a desire to have wanter shire s plan, which has also been adopted by the State Club, of having the committee consist of the chairman of the various county committees. "It is no secret," adds "The Censor," "that the plan of having a large corumittee of 150 is proposed as a cureall for Plattism, but it is not the first plan that has been proposed with that assurance and utterly failed. The Committee of Thirty in New-York declared that if they could have their County Committee chosen by election districts, the people (meaning themselves) would rule, but Mr. Platt's friend Lauterbach was elected chairman just the same. If Mr. Platt bean control the Assemblymen as he has been charged with doing, he can control the committeemen. His power is very much overestimated in all public matters. He happens to agree with other party leaders on certain measures, and is given the credit for passing them when they would have been passed just the same had he been in Timbuctoo."

It is a curious fact that while Mr. Platt's friends talk about "renominating the old ticket," every sensible politician knows perfectly well that this can only be done by Controller Roberts's consent can only be done by Controler Roberts's consent to run again. If he should refuse, there would be a lively scramble for every place on the ticket, and, with one or two exceptions, there is not a single State officer strong enough to withstand any scrious movement against him.

racy will be treated with a little more considera-tion in the Democratic Convention this year than they were last fall.

Some of the State Republicans do not take kindly to Mr. Lauterbach's abuse of the independent voters. "If the Republican party," says one of them, "is defeated next fall, Mr. Lauterbach will be blaming it to the fallure of these same Garoos and Goo-Goos to support it."

armony. This is the normal condition of affairs there on both sides, for, notwithstanding all the rosy prospects of concord on the Democratic side, there is no end of strife and discord among the followers of Hill and Herrick, and little, if any, prospect of

FUNERAL OF CAPTAIN W. O. WICKOFF. Ithaca, N. Y., July 14.—The funeral of Captain W. O. Wyckoff, late of the typewriter firm of Wyckoff, Seamans & Benedict, was held in the Unitarian Church here this afternoon at 3 o'clock.
The Rev. S. H. Camp, of Brooklyn, officiated. The
attendance was large. The city of Ilion, where the
typewriter factory is, sent a delegation of business
men.

GENERAL HARRISON'S QUIET SUNDAY.

The defeat of Sir William Ha-and was the only political topi refer. All the steamers on the with passengers to-day and si-ing at Dodd's Camp. Two of were here to-day, but did not dent.

BISHOP POTTER AS A MISSIONARY

HE PERFORMED HIS DUTIES AT THE STANTON-ST. MISSION AND ORDAINED DR. SHORT AS DEACON.

The Right Rev. Henry C. Potter, Bishop York, spent a busy day yesterday at the Cathedral Mission, No. 120 Stanton-st. Bishop Potter since the beginning of last week has been performing the duties which ordinarily devolve upon the Rev. Francis R. Bateman, the minister-in-charge, who is

the beginning of last week has been performing the duties which ordinarily devolve upon the Rev. Francis R. Bateman, the minister-in-charge, who is at present on his vacation.

The Bishop at 8 o'clock in the morning efficiated at the communion service, the church being crowded. After the communion service he visited the Sunday-School and read the morning prayer. He spent some time at the primary department of the Mission, where he made a brief address. He told the children, who were all dressed in their best Sunday clothes, how pleased he was to see them, and complimented Miss Minnie Brauns and Mission Carrie Martell, the teachers, on the efficiency and appearance of their pupils.

The regular Sunday service was held at 10-20 o'clock, at which the ordination of Dr. Thomas Barlow Short, of Canada, to the office of deacon took place. Mr. Short was formerly connected with the Methodist Episcopal Church, but for some time past has been doing mission work on Blackwell's Island, in connection with the City Mission of the Protestant Episcopal Church. The Rev. Newton Perkins, secretary of the American Church Building Commission, assisted the Bishop.

The Bishop preached a brief ordination sermon. He described the duties of a deacon, which, he said consisted of visiting and consoling the sick and preparing them to hear the Gospel of Jesus Christ, He compared church life to home life and said there were certain duties to be done in both spheres. "The deacon in the church," said he, "has his particular duties to do, just as the father and mother in a family have."

Bishop Potter told the young girls what they should do in the house.

"It is not right," said he, "that the daughter should sit all day at the plano or go around in showy dresses while her mother does all the drudgery work. I am sorry to say, however, that this is frequently the case. The mother should see to do, and the children, on their side, should do whatever they are asked cheerfully and willingly."

Bishop Potter then formally ordained Dr. Short as deaco

Ease Your Cough by using Dr. D. Jayne's Expec-torant, a sure and helpful medicine for all Threat and Lung ailments, and a curative for asthma. ...

Who are saving money by getting furniture of Geo. C. Flint Co., 23d-st., near Broadway.

BAXTER—At Albany, N. Y., on Sunday evening, July
14, Doctor Edwin C. Baxter.
Funeral notice hereafter.

BRAKER—At her late residence, 146 West 724-st., on
July 14, 1885, Frances J. Braker, widow of Conrac
Braker, Jr., in her 65th year.
Funeral services at Christ Church, Tist-st. and Boulevard,
on Tuesday, 16th, at 10 a. m.
FELTER—On Sunday, July 14, Marie Antoinette, wife of
the late Henry D. Felter.
Notice of funeral hereafter.
GREENE—On Friday, July 12, 1895, at her residence, 115

Notice of funeral hereafter.

GREENE-On Friday, July 12, 1805, at her residence, 115
Willow-st., Brooklyn, Julia Sherman, wife of J. Warrea
Greene, daughter of the late Benjamin M. Sherman, and
nicce of James R. Taylor, of Brooklyn.
Funeral services at the Church of the Holy Trinity, corner
Clinton and Montague sta., Brooklyn, on Monday, July
15, nt 4 o'clock p. m

ISELIN-At his late residence, Eagle's Rest, Garrisons-onethe-Hudson, July 13, 1805, John H. Iselin, son of the
late John A. Iselin, in the 47th year of bis age.
Funeral at St. Philip's in the Highlands, Tuesday, July
19, on the arrival of the 9:40 a. m. train from NewsYork.

NELSON-At his home in Truxton, Cortland County,

York.

NELSON—At his home in Truxton, Cortiand County,
N. Y., July 11, 1895, of neuralgia of the heart, Hon,
Judson C. Nelson, formerly surgeon of the 16th Regiment, N. Y. S. V., and ex-member of Assembly from
Cortland County.

PERKINS-Suddenly, of paralysis, on yacht Columbia, off
Yorktown, Va., Joseph T. Perkins, in the fifty-sixtle
year of his age.

Funeral services at his late residence, 165 Hancock-elBrooklyn, Monday evening at 5 o'clock, July 15.

PLUMMER—On Saturday, July 15, Cornella De Witt,
wife of Jerome S. Pluminer.
Funeral on Monday, July 15, at 3 p. m., from her late
residence, 1,276 Pacific-st., Brooklyn, N. Y.
Interment private.
Please omit flowers.

VALENTINE—William H. Valentine, jr.

SLEEPY HOLLOW CEMETERY,
Tarrytown-on-Hudson,
of information,
5 Vanderbilt-ave., N. 1. City.

Special Notices.

All the leading European newspapers and periodicals for sale by The International News Company, 83 and 80 Duane-st., one door east of Broadway, New-York. A.—A.—Get Roebuck's Wire Window Screens, Do Fixtures. Screen wire cloth by the 1,000 or singl all kinds and widths, at Roebuck's, 172 Fulton-st. York; 14th-st., Hamilton-ave., Brooklyn.

York; 14th-st., Hamilton-ave., Brooklyn.

Postomice Notice.

Foreign mails for the week ending July 20 will close (promptly in all cases) at this office as follows:

TRANSATIANTIO MAILS.

MONDAY—At 2 p. m. for Cape Colony and Natal, pee s. Wilcannia (letters must be directed "per Wilcannia").

TUESDAY—At 2 a. m. for Europe, per s. s. Lahn, vise Southampton and Bremen.

WEDNESDAY—At 8 a. m. (supplementary 10 a. m.) for Europe, per s. s. St. Louis, via Southampton; at 10 a. m. for Belgium direct, per s. s. Noordland, via Antwerp (letters must be directed "per Noordland"); at 10 a. m. (supplementary 11:30 a. m.) for Europe, per s. s. Britannic, via Queenstown (letters must be directed "per Ritannic").

a. m. for Reigium direct, per s. s. Noordland, via Abiwerp (elters must be directed "per Noordland"); at 10
a. m. (supplementary 11:30 a. m.) for Europe, per s. s.
Britannic",

TRURSDAY—At S. s. m. (supplementary 9:30 a. m.) for
Europe, per s. s. Noormannia, via Cherbourg, Southampton and Hamburg.

SATURDAY—At I a. m. for Prance, Switzerland, Italy,
Spain, Portugal, Turkey and British India, per s. s. La
Noormandie, via Havre; at 6 a. m. for Germany, per
s. s. Fulda, via Bremen (letters for other parts of
Europe, via Southampton and Eremen, must be directed
"per Fulda"); at 7 a. m. for Genoa, per s. s. Kaiser
Wilhelm II (letters must be directed "per Kaiser Wilhelm II"); at 11 a. m. for Norway direct, per s. s.
Thingvalla (letters must be directed "per Chdam"); at
12 m. (supplementary 1:30 p. m. for Europe, per s. s.
Etturia, via Queenstown.

MAILS FOR SOUTH AND CENTRAL AMERICA, WEST

MONDAY—At '2 p. m. for Belize, Puerto Cortes and
Guatemala, per s. s. Stillwater, from New-Orleans; at
9 p. m. for Jamica, per s. a. Barnstable, from Boston,
TUESDAY—At 1 p. m., (supplementary 1:30 p. m.) for
Las Plata countries direct, per s. a. Imperial Prince,
WEDNESDAY—At 12 m. for Grenada, Trinidad, Tobago
and Paramartho, per s. a. Irrawaddy; at 19:30 p. m. for
La Plata countries direct, per s. a. Imperial Prince,
WEDNESDAY—At 12 m. for Grenada, Trinidad, Tobago
and Paramartho, per s. a. Irrawaddy; at 19:30 p. m. for
La Plata countries direct, per s. a. Imperial Prince,
WEDNESDAY—At 12 m. for Grenada, Trinidad, Tobago
and Paramartho, per s. a. Irrawaddy; at 19:30 p. m. for
La Plata countries direct, per s. s. Antille (letters
must be directed "per Madiana"); at 1 p. m. (supplementary 1 p. m.) for St. Thomas St. Croix, Leeward and
Windward Islands, Martinique and Barbadoes, per s. s.
Madiana detters for Grenada, Trinidad and Tobago
and Paramartho, per s. s. Inspecial Prince,
WEDNESDAY—At 10 a. m. (supplementary 10:30 a. m.) for
Fortune Island and Hayti, per s. s. Antille (letters
must be directed "per Antilia"); at 1 p.

West Australia). Hawaii and Fili I Warrimoo (from Vancouver), close her is and up to August © at 6:30 p. m foundland, by rail to Halifax, and the close at this office daily at 8:30 p. m. lon, by rail to Boston, and theses at this office daily at 8:30 p. m. Ma at this office daily at 8:30 p. m. Ma at this office daily at 7 a. m., for atcamers sailing Mondays and Thur Tampa, Fia. Mails for Mexico, over cisily addressed for despatch by stead office daily at 7 a. m.